

EZT3NDH 'Easy Cal' CiTiceL®

Ambient monitoring 4-20mA Microprocessor Transmitter

Performance Characteristics

Sensor Type Used | 3NDH

Expected Operating Life Two years in air

Resolution 0.1ppm

Temperature Range | -20°C to +50°C

Pressure Range | Atmospheric ± 10%

Pressure Coefficient No data

T_{so} Response Time <40 seconds

Relative Humidity Range | 15 to 90% non-condensing

Maximum Zero Shift 0.2ppm equivalent

(+20°C to +40°C)

Long Term Output Drift | <2% signal loss/year

Repeatability | 2% of signal

Output Linearity | Linear

N.B. All performance data is based on conditions at 20°C, 50%RH, and 1013mBar

Electrical Properties

Minimum Input Span | 5uA Maximum Input Span | ±100uA

Linearity @ 25°C | 0.01% Full Scale

Thermal Drift (Input) 0.02% per °C

Linearisation Linear Response

Output

4/20mA, 2 wire loop powered

Output

3.8 to 21mA

Max Output Range
Operating Voltage

10 to 30VDC

Thermal Drift (Output)

2uA per °C

Output Accuracy

±5uA

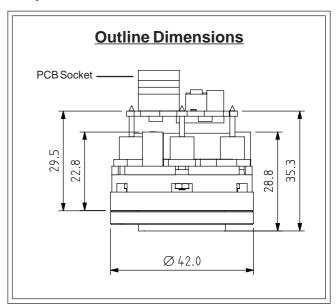
Protection

Reverse Polarity Protected

Maximum Loop Load

 $R_{LOAD} = (V_{supply} - 10)*50$

eg 700Ω at 24V



Ranges Available

3NDH CiTiceL 'Easy Cal' 4-20mA Transmitters are available with the following precalibrated ranges:

Range	Order Code
0-5ppm	2TG3A-1A
0-10ppm	2TG3B-1A
0-20ppm	2TG3C-1A
0-30ppm	2TG3D-1A
0-50ppm	2TG3E-1A

Physical Characteristics

Weight | 58g (incl. mounting accessory)

Position Sensitivity

None

Storage Life

Six months in CTL container

Recommended Storage Temperature

0-20°C

Warranty Period

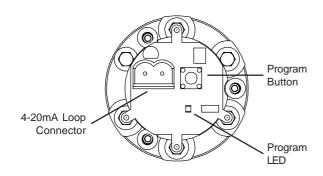
12 months from date of

despatch

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Nitrogren Dioxide 'Easy Cal' CiTiceL® Specification





Calibration notes

Recalibration is only possible if the output of the sensor at full scale is greater than 50% of the original factory calibration. Failure can occur if:

- 1. Attempts to recalibrate to a range less than 50% of the original factory calibrated range
- 2. The output of the sensor has fallen by more than 50% (replace sensor)
- 3. Incorrect span gas used (use correct span gas)
- 4. Insufficient time for output to settle after exposing sensor to span gas (apply span gas for 2-5 mins before setting 20mA level)

Transmitter Error Condition

Any time the error condition is set the output will be forced to 21mA and the LED will be held on. Carry out the Reset function to reset the error.

Reset to Factory Calibration

- 1. Remove loop power from transmitter.
- Hold down push button and connect loop power to transmitter
- 3. LED will blink as soon as power is applied (approx. 2Hz).
- 4. Transmitter output set to 21mA.
- 5. Releasing button will start an 8 second timout period.
- 6. After 8 seconds the factory calibration will overwrite user calibration.
- 7. LED cleares and transmitter goes back into normal mode.

User Calibration Method

(Span gas = 20mA signal)

- 1. Connect loop power to the transmitter.
- Apply required zero gas/air to transmitter for 2 minutes.
- 3. Hold down button until LED flashes at approx. 1Hz. (4mA level now set)
- Apply required span gas to transmitter for 2 to 5 minutes.
- 5. Press and release button (20mA level now set)
- 6. There will be an 8-second timeout period and flashing LED approx. 8Hz.
- 7. Calibration is complete, LED clears and returns to normal mode.

Non Standard Span Gas Calibration

(Span gas ±5% full range)

1. Calculate the mA signal expected for span gas. Example:

Required 4-20mA range is 0-500ppm Available span gas is 480ppm Dynamic range is 16mA

Therefore 1mA = 31.25ppm Expected signal at 480ppm = (15.36mA + 4mA) = 19.36mA Each time button is pressed signal increases by 40uA. When the output reaches 20.8mA the next button press will take the output to 19.2mA. Further button presses will again increase the output by 40uA.

The output range available is 19.2mA to 20.8mA.

- 2. Carry out steps 1-4 of User Calibration Method
- 3. Press and release button to set 20mA level.
- Continued momentary pressing of the button within an eight second period will trim the output by 40uA. When the required output is reached, allow the transmitter to timeout.
- Calibration is complete, LED clears and returns to normal mode.

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Non Standard Span Gas Calibration

(Span gas not within ±5% of full range) (current source required)

- 1. Measure the current of the sensor with a known gas concentration. This can then be used to calculate the μ A/ppm for the specific sensor.
- Now calculate the expected current when the sensor is exposed to the full scale of target gas. Example:

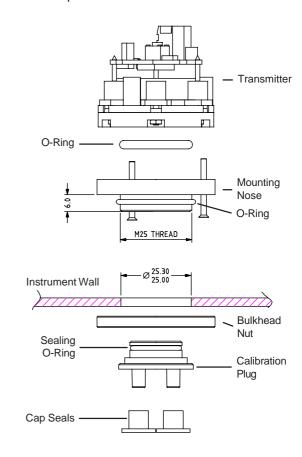
Required 4-20mA range is 0-500ppm Available span gas is 300ppm Current from sensor when exposed to span gas = 33uA Therefore sensitivity = 0.11 uA/ppm Expected sensor output at 500ppm = 55uA

- 3. Connect current loop power to the transmitter.
- 4. Connect a current source to the transmitter. For oxidising sensors (CO, H₂S, SO₂, NO, ...) connect the negative to 'SEN' and positive to 'CNT'. For reducing sensors (Cl₂ or NO₂) connect the positive to 'SEN' and negative to 'CNT'. 'CNT' and 'REF' terminals on the transmitter board should be connected.
- 5. Set the current source to zero.
- 6. Hold down button until LED flashes at approx. 1Hz. (4mA level now set in RAM)
- 7. Set the current source to the value calculated for the full scale of target gas.
- Press and release button (20mA level now set into RAM)
- 9. There will be an 8-second timeout period and flashing LED approx. 8Hz.
- Calibration is complete, LED clears and returns to normal mode.

Mounting

A diffusion mounting assembly, the "nose" adaptor, is supplied with CiTiceL transmitters for convenient mounting in a wide range of weatherproof housings. The nose adaptor requires a 25mm diameter hole in the outside wall of the housing to allow installation. The assembly is shown below.

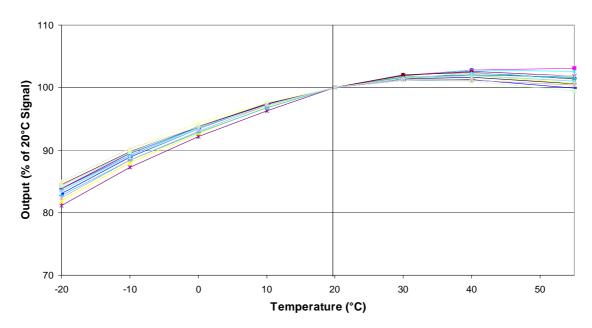
The Mounting Nose also features a plug for easy zeroing and exposure to gas during calibration. A bonded membrane and mesh is included to prevent the ingress of dirt and dust particles to the CiTiceL.



Nitrogren Dioxide 'Easy Cal' CiTiceL® Specification



3NDH Nitrogen Dioxide - Output vs Temperature



Cross-sensitivity Data

CiTiceLs may exhibit a response to certain gases in a sample other than the target gas. 3NDH CiTiceLs have been tested with a number of commonly cross-interfering gases and the results are given below. The table shows the typical response to be expected from a sensor when exposed to a given test gas concentration (relevant to safety, e.g. TLV levels).

Gas	Conc.	3NDH	<u>Gas</u>	Conc.	3NDH
Carbon monoxide Hydrogen sulphide Sulphur dioxide: Nitric oxide: Chlorine:		0ppm -1.5≤ x ≤0ppm -0.05≤ x ≤0ppm 0ppm ≈1ppm	Hydrogen: Hydrogen cyanide: Hydrogen chloride: Ethylene:	100ppm 10ppm 5ppm 100ppm	Oppm Oppm Oppm Oppm

^{**}For details of other possible cross-interfering gases contact City Technology.**

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Performance characteristics on this data sheet outline the performance of newly supplied sensors. Output signal can drift below the lower limit over time.

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